NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY JUNE 27, 1883.

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LEADING TOPICS AT MANY POINTS. THE ACCUSED JEWS-THE FISHERIES EXHIBITION-

IRISH EMIGRATION-CHOLERA IN EGYPT. Evidence for the defence was taken in the Jewish murder trial in Hungary yesterday. Mr. Lowell presided at a session of the Fisheries Conference. Earl Spencer, in replying to an address, referred to Irish emigration-Of the forty-two deaths in Damietta, Egypt, on Monday, twenty-eight are known to have resulted from cholera. The steamer Rhiwindda from New-York for a New-Brunswick port, struck on the Torbay Ledges; the crew was saved. Rumors of impending Cabinet changes in France are again current.

THE HUNGARIAN MURDER TRIAL. LONDON, June 26 .- All the Christian lawyers at Kyreghhaza, Hungary, where the trial of the Jews charged with murdering a Christian girl 1s proceeding, have adopted a resolution attacking the conduct of the public prosecutor, because he scarcely conceals his belief that the case was fabricated by

persons opposed to the Jews. In the trial to-day it was elicited that the Magistrate Peczely, who aided in the preparation of the case for the prosecution, was once sentenced to twenty-five years' imprisonment for a brutal murder. Peczely admitted that he signed the depositions of several of the witnesses in the present trial, though he was absent when they were examined. Several witnesses deposed that the boy Moritz Scharf, who said he saw Esther Salomossy murdered in the synagogue, was beaten in the house of dered in the synagogue, was beaten in the house of the Police Commissary. The defence pointed out as a significant fact that Scharf's deposition con-tained a special clause denying that compulsion had been resorted to in his examination. PESTH, June 26.—The Government organ points out that the Government could not prevent the Nyreghhaza trial, but that it has made the fact known as widely as possible that it does not be-lieve the accusation to be true.

THE VALUE OF AMERICAN FISHERIES. LONDON, June 26 .- At the session of the Fisheries Conference last night Mr. Lowell, the United States Minister, presided. Professor Goode, of the American Commission, read a paper on "American Fisheries," at the conclusion of which the Marquis of Exeter moved a vote of thanks to the professor.

Mr. Lowell said he believed that, without national vanity, he might say that the generous grant of the United States Congress had greatly encouraged the Fisheries Exhibition. The scientific and practical character of the American department was acknowledged. The American fisheries, he said, were a mine of wealth and a nurser; for seamen, and were protected rather by the people than by law.

EARL SPENCER ON ASSISTED EMIGRANTS. DUBLIN, June 26 .- Earl Spencer, the Lord Lieutenant, replying to an address presented to him at Limerick, spoke in deprecation of forced emigration. He said he believed that careful aid to emigrants, having a prospect of success abroad, was beneficial both to them and to the districts which passage of the Crimes Act, which was distasteful both to Parliament and to the Government, but, he said, he abhorred the crimes which had rendered it necessary. In conclusion Earl Spencer said he rejoiced that greater respect was now paid to law and order throughout the land. they leave. He regretted the necessity for the

DEATHS FROM CHOLERA IN EGYPT. DAMIETTA, Egypt, June 26 .- Of forty-two deaths which occurred here yesterday, twenty-eight are known to have been from cholera, and the rest, it is Enown to have been from cholera, and the fact, it is suspected, were from the same malady.

LONDON, June 27.—The doctors at Damietta refuse to notify the foreign consuls of the number of deaths occurring there. The steamers which salled from Alexandria on Tuesday were crowded with refugees from Damietta. All steamer berths for a week to come have been engaged.

THE STEAMER RHIWINDDA AGROUND. HALIFAX, N. S., June 26 .- The British steamer Rhiwindda, Captain Gyles, from New-York for Miramichi, N. B., in ballast, struck thick fog yesterday afternoon. The crew was saved. The ship is in a bad position and will probably be a total loss. From the bridge aft she is ly be a total loss. From the bridge aft she is out three fathoms under water. The Rhinwindda is an iron steamer of 1,330 tons regis-

ter, having a crew of twenty-eight men. She wasbuilt in Sunderland, Eng., in 1878, halls from Cardiff and is owned by W. Y. Edwards. Her dimensions are as fol-lows: Length, 286 feet; breadth, 35 feet; depth, 24 feet. FRENCH WAR VESSELS FOR TONQUIN.

Paris, June 26 .- The French man-of-war Saouwill sail for Tonquin on July 7. The Finisterre and the Naiad will then be prepared for service. The Government has decided to send no more troops to Tonquin at present.

CABINET RUMORS IN FRANCE. Paris, June 26 .- It is reported that M. Martin-Feuiliée, Minister of Justice, intends to resign and that the post will be offered to M. Deves. The Reform says that if M. Challeme! Lacour's health

obliges him to resign the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Prime Minister Ferry will take that portfolio, and M. Spuller will succeed M. Ferry as Minister of Public Instruction. If M. Thrad resigns the Ministry of, Fluance he will be succeeded by M. Raynal, the present Minister

THE GREELY RELIEF EXPEDITION. St. Johns, N. F., June 26 -The ship Proteus is actively preparing for a voyage to Lady Franklin Bay in search of the Greely party, and will probably start on Thursday. The United States steamer Yantic is waiting here to accompany the Proteus to Smith's

FIGHTING A SIERRA LEONE CHIEF. London, June 26 .- Intelligence has been received from Sierra Leone that the recent British operations against Chief Gbpowe were attended with great atrocities on the part of the native allies, who butchered and mutilated all the male persons taken prisoners. The allies lost over 100 men killed during the attack upon the main fort, which was captured. Eighty-two of the enemy were killed by a single shell.

INCIDENTS IN THE IRISH AGITATION. LONDON, June 26,--Mr. Parnell, in a speech at Monaghan to-day, said that it was the object of his party so to improve the Land act that a majority of tenants would get a reduction of 50 per cent in rauts. In the House of Commons this afternoon Mr. Porter

Attorney General for Ireland, stated that James Carey, the informer, had not yet been pardoned, but the su was being considered by the Government. If C should be pardoned, he said, the executive clem would ceriainly be coupled with conditions. SENOR ELMORE ON PERUVIAN AFFAIRS.

Washington, June 26 .- Senor Elmore, the Peruvian Minister here, said to-night that his information from Peru confirmed the press dispatches of to-day relating to the statement of the Chilian President to the Congress convened on June 1 that the treaty of peace had not yet been signed. He said: "Chili, without committing herself, has obtained the signature of a compitting herself, has obtained the signature of a Peravian to a treaty containing very onerous conditions. Should this Peravian become the head of the Government of Peru, she will noid him to these considerations, and in case he does not, she will discard him and the treaty. The Government of Chili does not want to make peace—does not wish peace. The meaning of its sot in setting up literias is to create anarchy in Peru, to set the Peruvians lighting among themselves and so justify its occupation of Peruvian territory."

In regard to the report that plans were making for a partition of Peru, senor Emore said: "I have direct information from Peru that Chili is seeking to make an arrangement with Brazil and the Argentiane Republic which will prevent these two Governments from giving her and trouble on account of her war of conquest, and with that object is holding out to them inducements to become interested."

NEWS FROM CANADA. St. Johns, N. F., June 26 .- There was a frightful accident at Trepassey last evening. A large fishing boat went down and six men were drowned. It

is supposed that the boat was overloaded. Out of o HALIFAX, N. S., June 26 .- A vote on the basis of union day, resulting in favor of the basis by 34 against 31.

with uttering forged bank bills in Boston, was committed for extradition to-day.

QUEBEC, June 26.—The young man, Cleary, who went

nsane some time ago over the Irish question and tried to hang a policeman on the supposition that he was Carey, the informer, is now a violent lunatic and destroys everything within his reach.

FOREIGN NOTES.

MADRID, June 26.—The Carlist organ, Cabecilla, has been sentenced to suspension of publication for forty weeks for publishing a libel against the Queen. LONDON, June 26.—A Woman's Rights meeting was held in London last night. Jacob Bright, M. P., presided.

Susan B. Anthony and Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton made addresses. LONDON, June 26 .- The Times's St. Petersburg dispatch states that several persons were killed during the progress of the fire yesterday in the warehouses on Gutu-

LONDON, June 26 .- A dispatch from Cardiff states that an explosion has occurred in a colliery near there by which two persons were killed and twelve injured. LONDON, June 26 .- Mr. Lorillard's horses Iroquois. Aranza and Parthenia have left Stockbridge on their way to New-York.

LONDON, June 26 .- A violent thunder-storm prevailed throughout various sections of England yesterday. Four soldiers are reported to have been killed by lightning at Chatham.

GENEVA, June 26 .- The Tell Chapel, on Lake Lucerne, which was recently restored by the Society of Swiss artists, has been formally handed over to the Govern-ment of the Canton of Uri. CONSTANTINOPLE, June 26 .- In consequence of the

energetic protests made by General Wallace, the American Minister, in the case of the two American mission. aries who were attacked and nearly killed by Kurds near Bitlis, the Governor of Erzeroum has been ordered to suppress brigandage at any cost. LONDON, June 26 .- Fears are entertained at Soura-

baya and Rembang, Javs, of a rice famine. Disease has destroyed 200,000 acres of the crop. St. Petersburg, June 26.—A Mahometan attempted o murder the Mayor of Erivau, but his design was frus trated. He asserts that he was hired to commit the deed by enemies of Russia.

THE IDENTITY OF INFORMER LYNCH. Since the release from a Dublin prison of the informer Norman, alias Lynch, renewed efforts have been made to establish his identity. A story is circulated that he is James Gibney, a carriage-painter, and a member of the Thomas Davis Club, a branch of the Clan-na Gael of this city. Gibney's mother, who lives at No. 512 East Fourteenth-st., emphatically denied this to a CRIBUNE reporter yesterday. Her son, she said, was not in England and he was not connected with any Irish not in England and he was not connected with any Irish revolutionary society.

A prominent member of the Clan-na-Gael said that the story was absurd, insamuch as Gallagher, who is acquainted with Norman, at the trial when Norman swore under eath to his name, would have disclosed his identity if it would have proved Norman a perjurer. The neighbors of Mrs. Gibney say they have seen her son in the street since the trial of the conspirators.

THE SWOLLEN WESTERN RIVERS,

A DECLINE IN THE FLOOD PERCEPTIBLE THE MISSISSIPPI FALLING AND THE MISSOURI SLOWLY RISING-EXPEDIENTS OF RAILROADS.

St. Louis, June 26 .- The river is slowly falling in East St. Louis on the river side of the Chicago and Alton track, but is still rising out on the bottoms east of that embaukment. The fall is small but sufficient to create a strong, hopeful feeling that the worst is past.

From Brooklyn and Venice, on the river bank. orthward to Newport, Nameki and Mitchell, on both sides of the Chicago and Alton embankment, and from along the Vandalia track to Eastwood and thence north up the bottom for a dozen miles there is nothing but a broad expanse of water, and the scene is one of run. Perhaps there is not a farm in all this region, from river to bluff, that is not submerged. some distance north of Mitchell the bottom rises, and as Alton is approached, where the bluff touches the river, some of the land has escaped the inundation. Three-quarters of Brooklyn is under water, and only one street in Venice and a bit of high ground in the north part of the town are above the flood level. In East St. Louis all the lowlands are inundated to a depth varying from 10 to 20 feet, and hundreds of houses within the city limits have their lower floors flooded, and many of them their second stories. South of the city the entire bottom for an endefinite distance, including the vil-Ledges, about two miles off Berry Head, during a lages of East Carondelet and Cahokia and other small hamlets, is submerged, and all the farmers are scattered along the ridges and bluffs, seeking shelter wherever they can find it. Many of these poor people are in a destitute condition and wholly dependent upon the generosity

and charity of others, and will have to be for some time to come. LOSSES BY THE FLOOD. The loss by the destruction of crops and other farm property cannot be stated with any accuracy. There is little doubt but that the aggregate loss in the American bottom between Alton and Carro will run into millions. And this is not half of the story. for nearly as much bottom land skirts the river on the Missouri side, most of which has been subject to the overflow, and hundreds of thousands of acres along the Messouri River and its tributaries, between here and Kansas City, now lie under the devastating flood and have been swept of their crops. Advices from the southeastern section of St. Charles County, Missouri, in the region of Portage des Sioux, give the individual losses of about one hundred farmers, which aggregate over \$60,000, These losses range from \$100 to \$5,000 and represent wheat and corn, no account being taken of other property destroyed or greatly damaged, except in half a dozen cases. Among the heaviest losers are: O. M. Gray, 190 acres and house, \$3,000; David Gray, 50 acres and house, \$1,300; Mrs. Achele, 70 acres, \$2,000; A. Belchelt, 45 acres, \$1,500; C. C. Bowles, 300 acres, with buildings, \$5,000 : Captain Lamothe, 1,000 acres, with buildings, \$5,000; Charles Maslenner, 200 acres, \$2,000; M. Smitt, 200 acres, \$2,000. The total loss in this section alone is estimated at \$200,000. Very little live stock has been lost, as almost all the

save them. THE RAILBOADS BUNNING. The railroads which have lost their tracks have abandoned the ferriage system between here au-Alton, and have arranged with the Vandalia road to run their passenger trains. The Indianapolis and St. Louis Company will send their trains to Effingham and thence to Mattison. The Wabash Company will use Vandalia track to Altamont, where it will take its own track; and the Chicago and Alton and the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy will run to Smithboro, where they will connect with their own roads. All the other Eastern lines are using their own tracks, and all the Western roads are getting trains through in pretty good shape. The Vandalia track, about which there has been some apprehension, is still two feet above water, and can readily

animals had been driven to high ground in time to

be made to resist four or five feet. Advices from Chester, Randolph County, Ill., sa y that St. Mary's levee, opposite that point in Missonri, broke on Sunday night, and St. Mary's bottom, a large wheat-raising region, is nearly flooded. Ther say 20,000 acres of wheat are under water on this bottom alone. From Chester to Grand Tower southward on the Illinois side, a distance of 25 miles, with an average width of 10 miles and embracing an area of 250 miles, nearly all is submerged, and the crops destroyed, and north of Chester, nearly all the the way up to St. Louis the bottom is said to be inundated. The town of St. Mary's on the Missouri side of the river is partly submerged, and Kaskaskia, on the Illinois side, is to be abandoned, the people there having sent to Chester for a steamboat to carry them away. A level three miles above Cape Girardeau, Mo., about fifty miles above Cairo, and another at Price's Landing, twenty-five miles down the river, broke on Sunday night, and a large volume of water rushed over the bottom. of St. Mary's on the Missouri side of the river

A RISE IN THE MISSOURL KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 26. -At 11 o'clock the river reached a depth of 23 feet 7 suches, about an inch higher than at last midnight, and 13 mehes above the gauge of Sanday night. It is now nearly ONTREAL, June 26 .- W. C. Phelan, who is charged | stationary, but the indications are that it will con-

tinue slowly to advance. Six inches more will start the water over the east bottoms and to the west of Kansas City, and the people in those suburbs are watchful. The Kaw is very high, and is reported to be still rising. Additional breaks stepped the Missouri Pacific on the north last night, but it is thought they will be able to arrange for a train through to-day. Dispatches received to-day state that the river has risen six inches at Sloux City in twenty-four hours; it has risen three inches at Leavenworth.

Leavenworth.
St. Joseph. Mo., June 28.—There was a rise of one and a half inches in the river here yesterday.
L. W. Church is the engineer in charge of the river improvement in this vicinity. He has information of a five-inch rise at Bismarck in the twenty-four hours ending at 1 o'clock Sunday afternoon, inducating that the June rise is coming. It will probably reach here in eight days. The Hannibal and St. Joseph is the only road now running trains out of this city, except to Atchison.

THE POLITICAL FIELD.

THE NEW-HAMPSHIRE SENATORSHIP. SENATOR ROLLINS LOSES VOTES-GAINS BY OTHER

CANDIDATES. BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. CONCORD, N. H., June 26 .- The New-Hampshire Senatorial struggle was renewed in earnest to-day and resulted, as predicted, in a falling off of Senator Rollins's strength. General Stevens's strength remains the same, General Marston gains 2, Major Briggs gains 1, and Mr. Patterson gains 4 up to 33, being now the leading anti-caucus candidate. Mr. Rollins, according to the figures, lost 9, and Bingham, Democrat. 2. But the strength of both was reduced by pairing. Rollins's actual loss was perhaps 6 or 7. The handsome and steady gains of Patterson greatly encourage his supporters, who think he will reach 50 before the close of this week. Some even predict his success finally. The Rollins vote is now only 5 ahead of the anti-caucus strength. The ballot was as follows:

whole number 321, necessary for a choice, 161; scattering, 7; Aaron F. Stevens, 17; Gliman Marston, 13; James F. Briggs, 30; James W. Patterson, 33; Edward H. Rollins, 104; Harry Bingnam, 117.

The Concord Mondor, William E. Chandler's paper, in a leader this morning espouses the cause of Mr. Rollins on the ground that he is the regularly nominated caudidate of the party. It says: "The duty of the Republican members of the Legislature in this juncture is plain. By supporting the action of the caucus, harmony and victory can be secured."

VIEWS OF MR. CHANDLER. Washington, June 26.—The Secretary of the Navy is of the opinion that there will be no election of a United States Senator in New-Hampshire this week, although he does not think the struggle will be prolonged for many weeks, as it was in Micuican and several other many weeks, as it was in Michican and several other States. He does not appear to believe that he would be successful if he should enter the race, and doubts whether he would receive more than 100 votes. Mr. Democrats will unite with a minority of the Republicans to elect General Marston or any other Republican, and he appears to expect that the choice will fall upon some man who has not as yet been put forward prominently as a candidate.

THE OHIO LIQUOR LAW. IT IS PRONOUNCED CONSTITUTIONAL BY THE SUPREME COURT.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 26 .- The Supreme Court to-day decided the Scott Liquor Tax law constitutional. Following is a syllabus of the decision.

The statute of April 17, 1883, entitled "An act further to provide against cylls resulting from the traffic in intextenting liquors," authorizing annual assessments upon the business of trafficking in intextenting liquors, is oxicating liquors," authorizing annual apon the business of trafficking lu intoxicating liquors, is a valid and constitutional enactment. The provisions of the second section of the statute do not operate where the real property on and in which the business is conducted is occupied by a tenant who holds the premises under a lease for a term, executed before the passage of the statute, Judgment is rendered for the relator in the mandamus case, and the judgment is affirmed in the case of Benner against Vander and others.

Judge O'Key dissented as to the first point in the syl labus and also from the Judgment rendered.

THE VIRGINIA DUELLISTS.

BEIRNE AND ELAM STILL GUILDING OF LITTING BLOOD. RICHMOND, Va., June 26.-Another day has passed and no meeting has yet taken place between dessrs. Beirne and Elam, the duelists. The general public here is as much at sea as ever in regard to their move ments. The four gentlemen, two on each side, who were In conference here yesterday were still in the city last evening. The work of making arrangements for a meeting of their principals must, therefore, be concluded, and matters are quietly approaching a climax. It is now known that the Elam party left here last night in vehicles and drove some thirty miles up the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway for the purpose of taking a train this

TENNESSEE'S DEFAULTING TREASURER. POLE'S AFFIDAVIT OVERRULED-IMPANELLING THE

JURY. NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 26 .- The case of M. T. Polk, the defaulting State Treasurer, was called in the Original Court this morning, when his counsel asked for a continuance, on an affidavit, on account of the absence of the defendant's clerk and bookkeeper while Treasurer, who is his main witness. Counsel also made affidavit that Polk expects to be able to pay to the State the entire amount of his Hability, being confident that his property will realize the full sum claimed by the State. Judge Alien overruled the affidavit and the impanel-ling of the jury was begun.

THE THREATS OF A DESPERADO.

COUNT DEMORES IN DANGER OF DEATH. BISMARCK, Dak., June 26 .- A dispatch to The Tribune from Little Missouri says: "Count Demores, who lately opened one of the largest cattle and sheep ranches in the West and who has spent large sums upon the ranch, recently had a difficulty with an outlaw named McDonnell, the leader of a band of desperadoes. Last night the Count's house was surrounded and his life threatened. The Sheriff left Bismarck with a posse for the scene of the trouble this morning. O'Donnell says that he will kill the Count on sight."

THE CAPTIVE APACHE INDIANS.

Tucson, Ariz., June 26.-Indian Agent Willcox arrived here yesterday on his way to the San Carlos Reservation. He expressed himself in strong terms against the return of the male renegade Chiricahuas to the reservation, but at the same time he is extremely anxious to avoid a conflict with the military authorities, and hopes matters will be amicably arranged between Secretary Teller and the War Department.

YELLOW FEVER IN VERA CRUZ.

Galveston, Texas, June 26 .- The Associated Press representative was told to-day by a trustworthy erson that despite the deptal of the State Quarantine officer here, the estimated death rate of fifteen a day in Vera Cruz from yellow fever is exceedingly cautious. The fever is of a particularly fatal type. The informant stated that out of every seven who take the infection fully six die.

A NEW-YORK YACHT MISSING. PORTSMOUTH, N. H., June 26 .- It is feared

three men, which sailed hence for St. John, N. B., on the

13th inst, was struck by a "black squall" which oc-curred that afternoon off this coast, and foundered, as she has not been heard from. SHOT BY THE THOMPSON BOYS. CINCINNATI, June 26 .- The News-Journal has dispatch from Stanford, Ky., stating that William

Bronson was shot and mortally wounded by three of the Thompson boys to-day. TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

SIX PRISONERS ESCAPE.

VANDALIA. III., June 26.—Last evening as the sheriff was passing into the jail to lock the prisoners in their cells six of them overpowered him and made their secape.

A young offer asket the frequency of the second of the sec

Lancaster, Penn., June 26.—Five new cases of smallox were reported to the Board of Health to-day. An effort is to be made to compel all residents of the city to be vaccinated in order to stamp out the disease, which has so far proved of a very virtuent character.

ACCIDENT TO THE STEAMER PILIGRIM.

FALL RIVER, Mass., June 26.—Before leaving New-York last night the steamer Piligrim blew out pipeain two of her boilers, she proceeded, using her other two boilers, and strived here, four hours late, this morning. All her boilers were in order when she left here to night.

AT THE STATE CAMP.

INCIDENTS IN THE LIFE OF THE 7TH. GOOD WORK AT THE BUTTS-A HOST OF VISITORS COLONEL CLARK TAKEN ILL.

A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE. STATE CAMP OF INSTRUCTION, PEEKSKILL, June 26 .- " Keep your muzzles to the front," said the 7th's Inspector of Rifle Practice, Captain Palmer, at the range this morning. "It is only an unloaded gun that kills people," he added, as the privates to whom he spoke hastened to obey instructions. "Good morning, General," said an officer to General Robbius, Inspector General of Rifle Practice, saluting with the most punc illious courtesy demanded by military etiquette. Having done this duty, the officer said in a lower tone, as the two cordially shook hands, "How is Chartie Robbinst" It is in this manner that the duties of camp are happily blended with the amenities of Meanwhile Colonel Gillette, Assistant Inspector-General, was sighting the pieces for green men and in every possible way teaching the A B C of rifle

A walk through fields of daisles, north of the guard tents, past a clump of venerable apple trees, leads one to the range. On both sides and at the back are the hills. Seven numbered targets rise from what looks like a modest attempt at earthworks, over which flies a red flag. Behind the butts is a pit ten feet deep where seven markers are protected. As each shot is fired the result is signalled to the corresponding scorer at the firing point. Occasionally a small red flag mysteriously appears from the pit and is waved in front of the target. This means that a shot first struck the earth then the target. The men stand, kneel or lie down, according to the length of the range. The guns of the 7th are in much better condition than those of the 71st, for practical use. While the latter were carefully cleaned and polished, the triggers were not sufficiently olled and the resistance was from twelve to fourteen pounds. The triggers on the guns of the 7th have been readjusted so that the resistance is not much more than half as much. The ends of the barrels are blackened in the smoke of a small fire kept for the purpose at the range. This is not done to fool the cartridge into an attempt to mistake the butt of the gun for the muzzle, but to help the sighting.

QUALIFYING AS MARKSMEN.
Tde 7th is doing good work at the butts and the rifle ractice is admirably conducted. Yesterday Company D and details from Companies A. B. C. F. H and I were at the butts; to-day Company E and details from Com-panies A, B, C, F, G, H and I had their first and second practice. Those who qualified as marksmen yesterday

Company A-Sergeant A. J. Eccles, Private T. G. Coe, jr. Company B-Private C, F. Brinck. Company C-Private J. G. Case. Company D-Lieutenant F. Kopper, First Sergeant H. D. Cooper, Corporal M. M. Rogers Private W. B. Baker, Private S. W. McClave. Company F-Privates A. C. Jessup, E. N. Nichols, W. K. Ware an W. T. Wilson, Company H-Privates C. Hersey and J. B. Holland. Company I-Sergeant E. E. Sage, Privates T. B. Cornell, S. S. Chauncey and A. A. Ettinger. The record of those in the 71st Regiment who quali

T.B. Corneil, S.S. Channery and A. A. Ettinger.

The record of those in the 71st Regiment who qualified for markemen has been completed and is furnished by General Robbins:

Non-commissioned staff—Quartermaster's Sergeant Fred May, 35. Company B.—First Lieutenant T. A. Kerr, 28. Private S. Coburn, 35: Private A. Weber, 26. Company C.—Captain J. P. Leo, 25: Corporal F. A. Moesch, 31. Corporporal G. F. Kein, 25: Private J. A. Wilmer, 26. Company D.—Sergeant J. J. Adgate, 27: Private C. V. Algate, 32: Private E. L. Gayton, 26: Private L. Imdekof, 25. Company F.—First Sergeant W. B. Orr, 27: Sergeant J. H. Southwart, 27: Private A. Allison, 27. Company G.—Captain S. G. Blakey, 32: First Lieutemant S. J. Huntley, 39. Company I.—Sergeant Charles Henderson, 26: Private W. J. Alger, 25: Private M. D. Geary, 27: Private J. Woodward, 31. Company K.—Private J. Moodward, 31. Company K.—Private J. Moodward, 31. Company K.—Private F. Hayner, 25.—Total, 24.

Fitth Separate Company—Captain James T. Chave, 28; Second Lioutemant W. W. Horton, 30: Quartermaster's Sergeant H. B. Sands, 28: First Sergeant H. Fairchild, 28: Private F. Husiander, 25: Private J. C. Calser, 25: Private Alexander Smith, 29: Private C. E. Tompkins, 25: Private James Dooley, 27: Private F. J. Torrister, 30—total, 12, or just half-as-many marksmen in this stude company from Newburg as there was in the entire 71st Regiment.

THE MUSICIANS REJOICE.

THE MUSICIANS REJOICE. Until to-day some members of the band have been deprived of the luxury of cots and mattresses. This morning they were furnished, and about 10 o'clock the musicians paraded through camp, from the quarterma ter's tent to their quarters, triumphantly bearing aloft bedsteads and bedding, preceded by "Jumbo," wearing a mattress as a fatigue cap, to the accompaniment of wild strains of music that fell on the listening car like a pacan of victory.

There is something remarkable in the way in which the 7th attends to the policing of camp. If the regiment was made up of day laborers they would rebel at what they would consider the ladignity of foreing soldiers in uniform to trundle wheelbarrows, sweep streets, cart off garbage, pick up bits of paper, and otherwise make things neat and clean. The 7th, on the other hand, being composed of men whose occupations are vastly different from that of the ordinary day laborer, seem to enjoy the drudgery, and do all that is required of them with cheerful heartliness. To-day Company Chas been putting its street in such perfect order as to receive general admiration. At the lower end C has been cut in the earth, and at the upper end a symmetrica ligured 3, and each has been filled in with pubbles and whitened. Other company streets are not less free from the slightest thing that could offend the eyes. The officer or man who would leave a scrap of paper an inch square or half a peanut shell on any of the streets would be instantly drugged off to the guard-house and shot at surrise. bedsteads and bedding, preceded by "Jumbo,

VISITORS FROM THE CITY. This afternoon there has been an irruption of 800 visitors from New-York, the veterans of the 7th and their families and invited guests. They left New-York at 11 o'clock on the Strius, and made the run up in two and a half hours. They went on to West Point, and visited camp in time to enjoy dress parada and guard-mounting. Among them were Colonel Laird, of the 22d Veterans; Major George W. McLean, of the Old Guard; Lieutenant Treat, of the English volunteers; Colonels Winchester Pond and Sostwick: Quartermaster Holley, Paymaster Kingsland, Captains Ray, Tiffany, Haden, Siffering and Kingsland, Captains Ray, Tiffany, Haden, Siffering and Spaight; Lieutenants Woodhouse, Salisbury and Maile. The wives and families of a good many officers on duty here were among the visitors, and the interesting spectacle was afforded of wives and sweet-hearts waiking with husbands and lovers who were pacing their ocats as sentries. A handsome young soldler in front of State Headquarters was accompanied by a lovely young woman with a polka-dot parasel for half an hour.

Among the prominent visitors in camp to-day were Colonel Wand and Major Welsh, of the 65th, of Buffalo, which regiment comes into camp a fortnight hence. The Colonel said that he would bring about 400 men, or 650 including the separate companies. Captain Townsend, of Company A, 71st Regiment, came up on the Sirius and he is so enamored with the place from his last week's experience that he will remain for some days. Captain Miller, of the 47th, was here this afternoon.

Last night Cappa's Band gave a screnade to Mrs. General Farnsworth at State Headquarters. They had an annoying delay in getting through the lines, owing to a misunderstanding with the guards.

The men of the 7th are allowed to leave camp as they please till 4 p. m., without passes, when they have no duty to perform. They are simply on their honor.

A cripple hobbled from the C Company street, to the mess hall for dinner to-day on a pleturesque and altogether primitive crutch. He severely sprained his aukic last Saturday on his arrival, and this was his first reappearance. He is the only man who has so far been wounded. The health of the camp generally could bardly be better. Bome apprehensions are left as to the result of sick-call to-morrow morning, owing to the fact that gooseberry pie was served as described to the former was considered to the former of th Spaight; Lieutenants Woodhouse, Salisbury and Maile.

THE CAMP GOOD FOR BUSINESS. The ferryboats, livery-stables and dealers in wet goods in Peekskill are doing good business this week. On Sunferry alone carried not less 400 people across Annaville c livery-stable took in \$100, and that the yacht Wayward, of New-York, with a crew of | than creek. saloon emptied about a dozen kegs of beer. At the telegraph offices on the grounds as many messages are sent and received in a single day as during all of last

sent and received in a single day as during all of last week.

It has been decided to have no ball next Friday night, but the rest of the programme will be carried out as announced. Each company has a committee on freworks for that night, and each projectione divided by the following the followi

crowd at dress-parade was larger than on any previous

COLONEL CLARK ILL. About 4 o'clock this afternoon Colonel Clark was taken with a severe chill. He was obliged to take to his bed, and very exaggerated reports were circulated. This evening the regimental surgeons report as in a comfortable condition and him will probably be able to resume he will probably be able to resume duty to morrow, although he has given up command. Atteireat to-night the officer of the day was responsible for requiring the countersign to pass the lines either in or out. The regular time for the countersign is between taps and reveille. The result was a vast inconvenience to many citizens as well as soldiers. Genorate Robbins was stopped for a long time by the guards, and finally taken to the guard-house before he was allowed to pass. Colonel Clark had given standing orders that all State officers should be allowed to pass all posts at any hour of the day or night. Major Allison, of the 7th, was another of the men stopped by the guards, much to the amusement of a throng of officers and privates who watched the performance.

GRIEVANCES OF A MEMBER OF THE 71ST. Wellington Walton, a member of the 71st Regiment, who has been employed by Ehrich Brothers, dry goods merchants in Eighth-ave., went to the office of the Beard of Health yesterday with a letter of introduction, written by Colonel Vose, to seek a situation. He said that Ehrich Brothers gave him permission to go with the regiment to the State Camp at Peckskill and when he returned they discharged him. Colonel Vose interceded in his behalf, but the young man's employers said that they had been obliged to fill his place while he was away and they could not take him back. He went to the Board of Health thinking that General S'inler might furnish him with a place in the Department. Much sympathy was expressed for Walton in the office of General Shaler, but it was said there was no vacancy which he could fill.

Mr. Bessell, manager of Ehrich Brothers' store, said to a Mr. Bessell, manager of Ehrich Brothers' store, said to a TRIBUNE reporter in relation to Walton's case, that the young man had been in thier employ only about two weeks and that on the day the 71st Regiment left the city Walton came to him and showed him a letter from the captain of his company saying that unless he attended the regiment to camp he would be fined \$40. He was told that if he must go he must. "We had to have a man to fill his place," said Mr. Bessell, "and when on afonday morning an old employe applied for a situation we put him to work in Walton's place. If Walton had notified us of his desire to go in time for us to have got a substitute, and had applied for permission, we should have been inclined to grant it, but as it was I think we only did what any other business house would have done."

ARCHBISHOP WOOD'S FUNERAL.

IMPRESSIVE CEREMONIES AT PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, June 26.—This morning, in the presence of dignituries of the American Catholic Church, and of a large audience, the final rites were paid to the remains of Archbishop Wood, and they were scaled in the Cathedral crypt. Among those present were Mayor King, Franklin B. Gowen, ex-Governor Pollock, Furman B. Sheppard, Daniel Dougherty, Dr. Andrew Nebinger and Edwin M. Lewis. After the priests and higher church dignituries had filed in, Bishop Shanahan followed and took his station in front of the altar, and then the Office of the Dead was solemnly chanted. Archbishop Gibbons, of Baltimore was the celebrant, and Fathers Power, of St. Patrick's. and Ward, of Bristol, the antiphonarians. At the cor dusion of the mass, Archbishop James Gibbons, of Baltimore, ascended the pulpit and delivered the funeral

When he had finished, the five Bishops and Archbishops who were to pronounce the absolutions of the body seconded the platform. They encircled the body. They alred the cross at the head of the dead prelate and read he Office of Absolution, the choir taking up the responses. raised the particular in the read of the dead prelate and read the Office of Absolution, the choir taking up the responses. Among the high dignitaries of the church who took part in this office and in the other services were Archielsop Williams of Boston; Archbishop Corrigan, of New York; Bishop Hecker, of Wilmington; Bishop Shanahan, of Harrisburg; Bishop Mullen, of Erie; Bishop Edder, of Cincinnati; Bishop Kease, of Wheeling, W. Va.; Bishop Watterson, of Columbus, Onic, Bishop Wigger, of Newark, and Bishop Farrell, of Trenton.

The funeral cortege moved out and around the square not Eighteenthsit, and re-entering the Cathermarching on Eighteeuthsit, and re-entering the Cathermarching the main door. The body was then borne to the vanit, in the crypt near the ultar, and finally buried with the simplest ceremony.

WARD'S STATUE OF LAFAYETTE

UNVEILED AT BURLINGTON, VT.

BURLINGTON, Vt., June 26 .- The cornertone of the new building of the University of Vermont was laid and the statue of Lafayette was unveiled to Governor and all the State officials, nearly all the living ex-Governors, and prominent persons from all parts of the State. The corner-stone was originally laid by Lafayette in 1825. It was rel nonies, an address being made by Past Grand Master Butler.

The "Howard" corner-stone was laid by Bishop Bissel of the Episcopal diocese of Vermont. There was an address by President Buckham. The statue was unveiled by the sculptor, Mr. Ward, amid a salute of arvened by the sculptor, Mr. ward, amid a salute of artillery. A presentation speech in behalf of Mr. Howard was made by C. A. Davidson, of New-York. It was responded to by President Buckham. The oration was delivered by Judge Jameson, of Chicago, and addresses followed by Governor Barstow on the part of the State, Mayor Morse on the part of the city, and the Hon. H. H. Powers, of Morrisville, on behalf of the alumni.

TRADE PROSPECTS IN NEW-YORK.

TROY, June 26 .- Interviews in The Troy Times with prominent manufacturers show that the collar, cuff and shirt trade is good. In the main busiess compares favorably with that of last year. The laundry proprietors may their business is certainly better than ever before. The stove trade is remarkably quiet than ever before. The stove trade is remarkably quiet for this time of the year. The principal reason is that the retail trade is deterred from buying on account of the decline in the price of iron. The iron trade is unsatisfactory and the outlook bad. The works are still manufacturing, but there is a heavy stock on the manufacturers' daubs. Business is unsettled; the consumers order only to meet immediate demads.

THE TEWKSBURY INVESTIGATION.

Boston, June 26 .- At the hearing in the Tewksbury Almshouse investigation to-day Governor Butler began the cross-examination of Captain Thomas J. Marsh, late superintendent of the almshouse. The witness said he had furnished good, wholesome and witness said he had furnished good, wholesome and sufficient food to the inmates as far as his means would allow, but in no year had there been all the means provided for food that should have been provided. He had never paid for coal bought on his private account with money belonging to the State. His son, Thomas Marsh. Jr., had been his agent for the shipment of bodies for scientific purposes. Some bodies had been brought back from Harvard because of their being claimed by friends.

A HORRIBLE CRIME CHARGED.

TROY, June 26 .- Garret J. Rose, age twenty-one, has been held for examination at Middlebury, Vt., on the charge of having attempted to poison his nother, Mrs. Amanda Hawley, by putting Parls green in a bottle containing whiskey. He is also accused of having assaulted her and threatening to take her life if she exposed him. Bose is a young man of good reputation and the charges are not generally believed. Many think the woman is deranged and that she attempted to take her own life.

MR. BEECHER'S BIRTHDAY.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., June 26 .- The celebration of Mr. Beecher's birthday was continued at his country home this evening with much enthusiasm. village band gave a screnade on the lawn in front of his house. His sisters, Mrs. Stowe and Mrs. Perkins, were present on the plazza, as were many of his neigh-bors and friends.

A DISASTROUS RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

HELENA, Mont., June 26 .- A dispatch to The Independent from Missoula, says: "News was rought here to-day that on June 23, at Elk Creek, near Heron Siding, a gravel train of the Northern Pacific Railroad while backing down was ran into by a wood train, and eighteen Chinamen on the gravel train were killed and from twenty to twenty-five others were wounded. The engineer of the gravel train was killed and the fireman was seriously injured. No one was hurt on the wood train."

FRENCH WORKMEN TO VISIT BOSTON.

Boston, June 26 .- A cable dispatch to The Journal, from Paris, says: "The City Council of Paris have made an appropriation of 20,000 francs, to be expended in sending a delegation of workmen to Boston to attend the Foreign Exhibition."

THE CARE OF THE INSANE.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 26 .- The association of medical superintendents of American institutions for the insane met at Newport this morning. Dr. J. H. Collender, of Nashville, presided. The following officers were elected: President, Dr. John P. Gray, of Utica, N. Y.; vice-president, Dr. Pliny Earle, of Northampton, THE COMMENCEMENT SEASON

THE UNION COLLEGE CONTEST. VICTORY FOR THE ANTI-POTTER PARTY IN THE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION-REMOVAL OF AN ANTI-POTTER PROFESSOR.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. SCHENECTADY, June 26 .- As was anticipated he annual meeting of the Alumni Association of Union College, held to-day, brought together a larger number of the graduates than was ever seen here before on a simiar occasion. Not only the later classes, but many of the older ones were well represented. Among those present were Judge Danforth, of the Court of Appeals; Henry R. Pierson, Chancellor of the University of New-York; Frederick Townsend, ex-adjutant-general; ex-Judge Amasa J. Parker, ex-Speaker Patterson, the Hon. Benja-

At 10 o'clock Judge Danforth, of the Court of Appeals, the president of the Alumni Association called it to order. The order of unfinished business having been reached the chair remarked that judging from what he had neard and had read in the newspapers this order possessed great scope. When the laughter provoked by this sally had ceased, Professor Foster addressed the meeting. He has been connected with the institution nearly half a century and is greatly beloved by all the graduates. He made a speech of some length in the interest of harmony and mutual forbearance. He said that an impression was current that the meeting of the alumni was to be characterized by dissension, and as a professor of fortyseven years' service who had watched class after class go forth from old Union crowned with the blessing of alma mater, he called upon those before him to take such action as would prove that such an impression was unfounded. He had hoped before this to see the college established on a firm basis fulfilling the best expectation of its most ardent friends. But his hopes had not been realized. He had seen the name of Union College become a byword and a reproach, and her honor traited in the dust. He had heard of the determination of some of her graduates not to send their sons here, seeing that the institution was the scene of a "plug muss." Was it necessary that the present unfortunate state of things should be continued! He thought not. The time had certainly come for mutual concessions, the assertion of brotherly love and the putting away of all malice and bitterness. A determination was expressed last fall by both factions to let all differences cease, so tust the president and the faculty could go forward unembarrassed in labors for the upbuilding of the college. Let such a determination govern the proceedings to-day. "Give the president," no said "another trial. Let his administration in the future be without embarrassment from any source. Let him who is appointed to rule be allowed to rule and they who are set to teach

concern themselves with teaching." A SURPRISING ANNOUNCEMENT. Professor Foster's remarks were frequently inter-rupted by hearty applause. At their conclusion President Danforth made an announcement which provoked a long and exciting debate. He read from the amendment to the charter of the college relating to alumni representation the clause which provides which of the classes shall have a right to vote for alumni trustees. In 1871 the Regents of the University granted the application for an amendment to the charter of the colege, securing to the alumni four representatives in the Board of Trustees. Four alumnt were accordingly elected at the meeting of the aiumni following the adoption of this amendment, whose terms of service were so arranged that it is necessary to elect one alumni trustee each year. The clause referred to regulating the election reads as follows: "Such election shall be by ballot and every graduate of the college who has received or may be entitled to receive his master's degree shall be entitled to vote at such election." Having read this clause, Judge Danforth, in response to a question, expressed the opinion that since the members of the class of 1880 would not receive their master's degree until to-morrow they were not entitled members of the class of 1880 were present at the meeting, expecting to vote, and when Judge Danforth expressed this opinion their countenances fell.

John A. Deremer, an ex-alumni member of the Board of Trustees, came to their rescue with the statement with the degrees in course A. B. and A. M. were in reality conferred by the trustees before commence-ment day aithough they were not formally announced till then. He added that he stated that fact as a result of his seven years' service as a trustee. One of the younger graduates then made the point that ever since the college began to elect alumni trustees the class that came back three years after graduating had been allowed to vote. Judge Danforth remarked that he did not believe that a graduate could demand his master's degree until commencement day. Judge Parker concurred with the views expressed by Judge Danforth. There was some further debate, and then no decision having been reached, the hour of 12 o'clock having arrived, pursuant to the charter, the alumni proceeded to vote for a

Harvey J. King, of Troy, class of 1848, nominated Hooper C. Van Vorst, of New York. Samuel Marsh, of New York, class of 1867, nominated David C. Robinson, of Eimira. The graduates voted by classes, the first man to present his ballot being General Curtis, of the class of 1820. When the class of 1880 was of the class of 1820. When the class of 1830 was reached Judge Danforth announced that the inspectors of election had decided to receive the votes of the members of that class. The question of their right to vote would be submitted to the Board of Regents of the university, and it the Regents d cided against them their votes would be thrown out. This statement seemed to give general satisfaction. Alongo P. Strong, one of the inspectors, presented fifty-two powers of attorney, upon which he proposed to cast that number of votes for absent alumni. The other two inspectors decided that no votes could be received save such as were cast by alumni who were present in person. The inspectors having canvassed the votes amounced the result as follows: Whole number of votes cast, 281; for David C. Robinson, 159; for Hooper C. Van Vorst, 122. Thereupon, amid hearty appears, Judge Danforth deciared that Mr. Robinson had been daily elected. Mr. Robinson, as is well known, was the candidate of the anti-Potter element. It is interesting to compare this vote with that cast last year. Then the Potter candidate was Douglass Campbell and the anti-Potter Thomas W. Featherstonhaugh. The whole number of votes cast was 196, of which Featherstonhaugh received 127 and Campbell 69. President Potter's friends, pointing to these two sets of figures, hold that they demonstrate that his strength and popularity with the alumni are on the increase. Judge Danforth was re-elected president the Alumni Association and presided at the annual alumni cinner. An interesting feature of the occasion was the presentation of a thirty-inch relative time globe to the college by the class of 1863 through its president, the Rov. Dr. James G. Johnson, of Rutland, Vt. This evening members of the Junior and Sophemore classes engaged in an oratorical coniest.

REMOVAL OF PROFESSOR WEBSTER. reached Judge Danforth announced that the inspectors REMOVAL OF PROFESSOR WEBSTER.

THE CONTEST DECIDED.

At a meeting of the trustees held after the alnumi dinner E. W. Paige moved that Professor H. E. Webster be removed. The motion was seconded by Silas W. Brownell and advocated by Judson S. Landon. It was then adopted by a vote of 9 to 8 as follows: Poe removal-President Potter, Howard Potter, Jose Fuller, Frederick Townsend, David Murray, J. S. Landon, E. W. Paige, J. Livingston Reese, S. B. Brownell; against removal—Thomas H. Fearey, Thomas A. Featherstenhaugh, Lamott W. Rhodes, David C. Restinerstonmand, Lamott W. Rhodes, David G. Robinson, the Rev. Dr. Denis Wortman, the Rev. William Irvin, Platt Potter and J. Trumbull Backus. Professor Wester, as already mentioned in these dispatches, is recognized as the leader of the anti-Potter element in the Faculty. His friends in college and among the alumin are saying to-night that he will be elected a trustee next year. The friends of the president assert that his removal was prompted simply by a desire to remove one of the chief obstacles to a satisfactory settlement of the existing difficulties. At the same meeting the trustees provided for voting by proxy for trustee at the future meetings of the Alumni Association.

ALUMNI DAY AT LAFAYETTE. CHARLES EMORY SMITH ON " JOURNALISM "-RESIG-NATION OF PRESIDENT CATTELL.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Easton, Penn., June 26.-This was Alumni Day at Lafayette College. It began with an address by Charles Emory Smith of The Philadelphia Press, whose subject was "Journalism." He speke of the progress made in newspaper editing, of the facilities at hand, of the weight they carried and the methods they employed to influence the public. He contrasted the newspape of to-day with those of twenty-five years ago, and pointed out wherein greater improvements would b

The Hall reunions took place at 10 o'clock. E. M. Green delivered the valedictory in Washington Hall. H. M. Berkey, '83, responded, and W. A.

ington Hall. H. M. Berkey, '83, responded, and W. A. Porter, of '39, delivered the oration. In Franklin Hall J. M. Fitz, of '83, delivered the valedictory; J. B. Shaw, of '85, responded, and Charles S. McCormick, of '58, was the erator.

The Alumni Association met this afternoon and elected the Hon. W. A. Porter president, the Hon. R. E. James vice-president, Dr. S. J. Coffin secretary, and D. W. Nevin treasurer. Resolutions were adopted expressing full appreciation of the services of President Cattell, depicting his impaired health, which has induced his resignation, and saving that while they dare not ask his active labors continued they would express forward wish that some arrangement may be exceeded.